

HW #8

EE 585 HOMEWORK #8

4.9 Define  $z = [z_1 \dots z_r]$  where  $z_i$  is  $q \times q$   
and  $z$  is  $q \times r \times q$

$$z = C(sI - A)^{-1}$$

$$z(sI - A) = C$$

$$sZ = zA + C$$

Using the forms of  $A$  and  $C$  we have

$$sZ_1 = -\alpha_1 z_1 - \alpha_2 z_2 - \dots - \alpha_r z_r + I_q$$

$$sZ_2 = z_1$$

$$\vdots$$

$$sZ_r = z_{r-1}$$

From these we get

$$z_2 = \frac{1}{s} z_1$$

$$z_3 = \frac{1}{s} z_2 = \frac{1}{s^2} z_1$$

$$\text{and } (s^r + \alpha_1 s^{r-1} + \dots + \alpha_r) z_1 = s^{r-1} I_q$$

$$\vdots$$

$$z_r = \frac{1}{s^{r-1}} z_1$$

Thus we have

$$z_1 = \frac{s^{r-1}}{d(s)} I_q$$

$$z_2 = \frac{s^{r-2}}{d(s)} I_q$$

$$\vdots$$

$$z_r = \frac{I_q}{d(s)}$$

where  $d(s) = s^r + \alpha_1 s^{r-1} + \dots + \alpha_r$

and the transfer function is

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1} B = z B = [z_1 \dots z_r] \begin{bmatrix} N_1 \\ \vdots \\ N_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{d(s)} [N_1 s^{r-1} + N_2 s^{r-2} + \dots + N_{r-1} s + N_r]$$

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4.14  $\hat{G}(s) = \left[ \frac{-(2s+6)}{3s+34} \quad \frac{22s+23}{3s+34} \right]$

$$= \left[ -4 \quad \frac{22}{3} \right] + \left[ \frac{130}{3s+34} \quad \frac{-679/3}{3s+34} \right]$$

$$= \left[ -4 \quad \frac{22}{3} \right] + \frac{1}{s + \frac{34}{3}} \left[ \frac{130}{3} \quad \frac{-679}{9} \right] \quad \underline{\text{OR}}$$

So  $\dot{x} = -\frac{34}{3}x + \left[ \frac{130}{3} \quad \frac{-679}{9} \right] u$       $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -34/3 & 0 \\ 0 & -34/3 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u$

$$y = x + \left[ -4 \quad \frac{22}{3} \right] u$$

(observable form)

$$y = \left[ \frac{130}{3} \quad \frac{-679}{9} \right] x + \left[ -4 \quad \frac{22}{3} \right] u$$

(Controllable form)

6.1  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$       $\rho(C) = 3 \Rightarrow$  controllable

$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$       $\rho(\Theta) = 1 \Rightarrow$  not observable

6.18 state equation:  $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$

$$y = [0 \ 1 \ 0] x$$

$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$       $\rho(C) = 3 \Rightarrow$  controllable

$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$       $\rho(\Theta) = 2 \Rightarrow$  not observable

The RC loop is in series with the current source, therefore the response due to  $x$  will not affect the rest of the network. Thus the network is not observable.

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## Additional problem

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3\omega^2 & 0 & 0 & 2\omega \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2\omega & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = [b_1 \mid b_2] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

a)  $C = [B \ AB \ A^2B \ A^3B] \quad \rho(C) = 4$  system is controllable from  $u$ .

$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ CA \\ CA^2 \\ CA^3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \rho(\Theta) = 4$  system is observable

b) (i) if radial thruster fails  $\rightarrow u_1 = 0$

Let  $b_2 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1]^T$

$C_2 = [b_2 \mid Ab_2 \mid A^2b_2 \mid A^3b_2]$

$\rho(C_2) = 4 \rightarrow$  system is controllable from  $u_2$

(ii) if tangential thruster fails  $\rightarrow u_2 = 0$

Let  $b_1 = [0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]^T$

$C_1 = [b_1 \mid Ab_1 \mid A^2b_1 \mid A^3b_1]$

$\rho(C_1) < 4 \rightarrow$  system is not controllable from  $u_1$ .

c) (i)  $y_1 = x_1$

$C_1 = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$

$\Theta_1 = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_1 A \\ C_1 A^2 \\ C_1 A^3 \end{bmatrix}$

$\rho(\Theta_1) < 4$

system is not observable from  $y_1$

(ii)  $y_2 = x_3$

$C_2 = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0]$

$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} C_2 \\ C_2 A \\ C_2 A^2 \\ C_2 A^3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \rho(\Theta_2) = 4$

system is observable from  $y_2$