

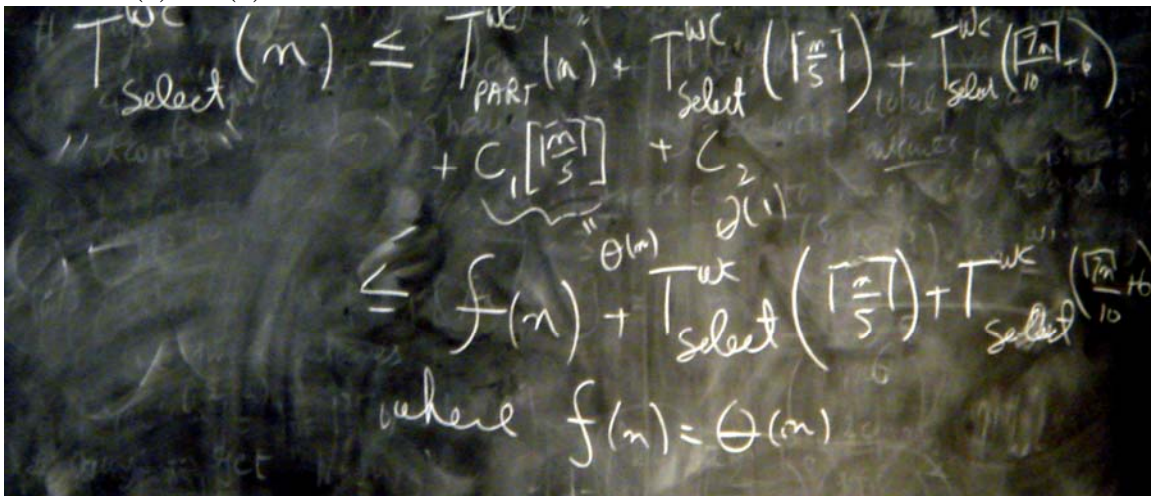
CSCI 303 Introduction to Algorithms
 Fall 2006
 January 31st, 2007 class notes

The first quiz will be on Wednesday, February 7th, 2007. BRING A BLUE BOOK!
 The quiz will cover homeworks 1, 2 and 3.

$$T_{SELECT}^{WC}(n) \leq T_{PART}^{WC}(n) + \left\lceil \frac{n}{5} \right\rceil c_1 + T_{SELECT}^{WC}\left(\left\lceil \frac{n}{5} \right\rceil\right) + c_2 + T_{SELECT}^{WC}\left(\left\lceil \frac{7n}{10} \right\rceil + 6\right) =$$

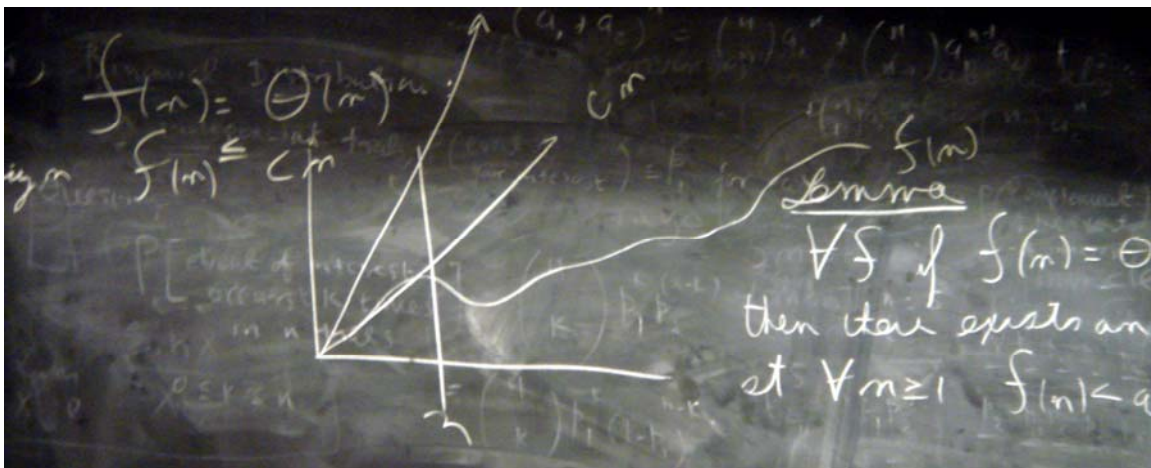
$$T_{SELECT}^{WC}\left(\left\lceil \frac{n}{5} \right\rceil\right) + T_{SELECT}^{WC}\left(\left\lceil \frac{7n}{10} \right\rceil + 6\right) + f(n)$$

Where $f(n) = \Theta(n)$.



Lemma:

$\forall f$ if $f(n) = \Theta(n)$ then \exists an a such that $\forall n \geq 1$ $f(n) < an$.



Theorem:

$$(\exists c)(\forall n \geq 1)[T_{SELECT}^{WC}(n) \leq cn]$$

Proof by induction:

We will say T to mean T_{SELECT}^{WC} .

Let $i = \max\{T(1), T(2), \dots, T(160)\}$. By the lemma, $\exists a \forall n \geq 1 f(n) < an$. Let $c = \max\{i, 20a\}$.

If $n \leq 160$, then $T(n) \leq cn$, because $c \geq i = \max\{T(1), T(2), \dots, T(160)\}$.

If $n > 160$:

Let $T(n) = T_{SELECT}^{WC}(n)$.

$$T(n) \leq T\left(\left\lceil \frac{n}{5} \right\rceil\right) + T\left(\left\lceil \frac{7n}{10} \right\rceil + 6\right) + f(n).$$

$$\leq c\left(\left\lceil \frac{n}{5} \right\rceil\right) + c\left(\left\lceil \frac{7n}{10} \right\rceil + 6\right) + an$$

$$\leq c\left(\frac{n}{5} + 1\right) + c\left(\frac{7n}{10} + 7\right) + an$$

$$= cn - \frac{cn}{20} - \frac{cn}{20} + 8c + an$$

$$= cn + \left(8c - \frac{cn}{20}\right) + \left(an - \frac{cn}{20}\right)$$

Because the quantities $\left(8c - \frac{cn}{20}\right)$ and $\left(an - \frac{cn}{20}\right)$ are nonpositive, $T(n) \leq cn$. Therefore,

$T(n) = O(n)$. But Select at least runs Partition and also find $n/5$ baby medians, so

$T(n) = \Omega(n)$. Therefore, $T(n) = \Theta(n)$. \square

Pl Let $T = T_{\text{select}}$
 Let $i = \max [T(1), T(2), \dots, T(160)]$
 By the lemma $(\exists a)(\forall m \geq 1) \{f(m) \leq am\}$
 Let $C = \max \{i, 20a\}$
 If $m \leq 160$ then $T(m) \leq Cm$. Since
 $C \geq i = \max [T(1), \dots, T(160)]$ hence
 $C \geq T(m)$ when $m \leq 160$
 but for $m \geq 1$ $Cm \geq C \geq T(m)$

For $m > 160$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(m) &\leq T\left(\left\lfloor \frac{7m}{10} \right\rfloor\right) + T\left(\left\lfloor \frac{7m}{10} \right\rfloor + 6\right) + f(m) \\
 &\leq C \left\lfloor \frac{7m}{10} \right\rfloor + C \left(\left\lfloor \frac{7m}{10} \right\rfloor + 6\right) + am \\
 &\leq C \left(\frac{7m}{10} + 1\right) + C \left(\frac{7m}{10} + 7\right) + am \\
 &\leq C \left(\frac{9m}{10}\right) + 8C + am \\
 &= \left(m - \frac{cm}{20}\right) - \frac{cm}{20} + 8C + am
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= Cm + \left(8C - \frac{cm}{20}\right) + \left(am - \frac{cm}{20}\right)$$

$m > 160$

I neg
 II zero or neg

hence $\leftarrow Cm$